

When should I see a doctor for back pain?

You should consider seeing a doctor for <u>back pain</u> in the following situations:

- 1. Severe Pain: If your back pain is severe and is not improving with rest or over-thecounter medications, it's advisable to seek medical attention.
- 2. Persistent Pain: If your back pain persists for more than a few weeks despite self-care measures, it's important to consult with a healthcare professional.
- Pain After an Injury: If your back pain follows an injury, such as a fall or car accident, it's
 crucial to seek medical evaluation to rule out serious conditions like fractures or soft
 tissue injuries.
- 4. Radiating Pain: If the pain radiates down your leg or into your buttocks, it could be a sign of nerve compression or sciatica, and medical attention is warranted.
- 5. Numbness or Tingling: If you experience numbness or tingling in the legs, feet, or other areas, it may indicate nerve involvement, and a doctor's evaluation is needed.
- 6. Weakness in Legs: If you notice weakness in your legs or difficulty walking, it's a concerning symptom that requires prompt medical assessment.
- 7. Bladder or Bowel Changes: If you experience changes in bowel or bladder function, such as difficulty controlling urine or stool, it may indicate a serious condition affecting the spinal cord, and immediate medical attention is necessary.
- 8. Fever Accompanying Back Pain: If back pain is accompanied by fever, it could be a sign of an infection, and medical evaluation is essential.
- 9. History of Cancer: If you have a history of cancer and experience new-onset back pain, especially if it's persistent, it's important to consult with a healthcare provider.
- 10. Unexplained Weight Loss: If you are losing weight unintentionally and have back pain, it could be indicative of an underlying medical condition that requires investigation.
- 11. History of Osteoporosis: Individuals with a history of osteoporosis or those at risk for fractures should seek medical attention if they experience back pain, as fractures are more common in this population.
- 12. First Episode of Back Pain: If you are over 50 and experiencing back pain for the first time, it's advisable to consult with a healthcare professional to rule out age-related conditions such as osteoporosis.

Remember that these guidelines are general, and individual circumstances may vary. If you are uncertain about whether to see a doctor for your back pain, it's always best to consult with

a healthcare professional who can provide personalized advice based on your specific situation.

Say goodbye to pain and discomfort with <u>Dr. K.K. Mishra</u>, your dedicated <u>Physiotherapist in Kandivali</u>. Our personalized approach focuses on your unique health goals. Ready to start your journey to a pain-free life? Schedule your appointment today and take the first step towards lasting relief.

