

How Can I Become a CPA in India?

Becoming eligible for the <u>Certified Public Accountant (CPA)</u> designation in India involves a multifaceted process with specific criteria. The primary requirement is obtaining a bachelor's degree or its equivalent in accounting or a related field, with some state boards accepting non-accounting degrees when supplemented by additional coursework. This educational criterion serves as the foundational step for individuals aspiring to become <u>CPAs in India</u>.

The subsequent crucial step in achieving CPA eligibility is successfully passing the Uniform CPA Examination. This comprehensive four-part test covers Auditing and Attestation, Business Environment and Concepts, Financial Accounting and Reporting, and Regulation. The successful completion of this examination serves as a testament to a candidate's proficiency in various aspects of accounting and business, establishing their <u>eligibility for the CPA designation</u>.

Moreover, CPA eligibility includes acquiring practical experience, typically involving a minimum of two years of relevant work experience in public accounting or a related field. This experiential component is essential for showcasing the practical application of theoretical knowledge in real-world scenarios.

