

Panidhāya parimukham satim upatthapetvā

Intending towards the beginning*, and having looked after the obtention (sati) [of the establishment (samādhi) of Citta].

See <u>Sati & Sati</u> .
See <u>Samādhi.</u>
Paṇidhāya
Pali:
Optative of paṇidahati [pa+ni+dhā]
- direct, intend.
Parimukham
Sanskrit:
परि pari
- towards , to (RV. AV.)
मुख mukha
- introduction , commencement , beginning (Br. MBh.)
Upaṭṭhapetvā
Pali:
Absolutive of upatthahati.
Upaṭṭhahati , & °ṭṭhāti [upa + sthā]
- look after.
-Care for.

So satova assasati, satova passasati.

The beginning is also "keeping an eye" on the nāmarūpa nidāna's khandhas, when **we think** we are experiencing our own khandhas. For nāmarūpa nidāna's khandhas are indeed the origination and production of what we think are "our own" khandhas.

^{*} Here, the "beginning" is the first step of ānāpānasati.

But it also goes as far as the body/breath in the cittasankhāra of Sankhārā nidāna, ensuing the avijjā nidāna. The beginning of Paṭiccasamuppāda.

Note that this goes pretty well with yoniso manasikara.

Indeed, one of the meanings of \sqrt{q} kṛ (kara), and definitely the more appropriate in this case, is "to direct" (as in: the thoughts, the mano, etc.) (towards something) - (RV.)

So, manasikara just means "to turn the mano" (towards). Like in yoniso manasikara = "to turn the mano towards the origin".

Isn't all the above, part of right view, anyway?

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