

## Atthi dinnam, atthi yittham, atthi hutam

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T	his	extra	ct is	usual	ly '	trans	lated	as:
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"There is what is given and what is offered and what is sacrificed". (MN 117)

However, from the etymology below, the following translation seems more adequate:

"There is what is to be honored; there is what is to be respected (regarded as good); there is what is to be worshipped".

Dinna
Pali:
Dinna - [Sk . dinna , pp . of dadāti] - given , granted , presented etc. , in all meanings of dadāti q.v esp . of giving alms. Sanskrit:
dadāti found as inflected form:
{ pr. [3] ac. sg. 3 } of dā.
√ दा dā
- to give , bestow , grant , yield , impart , present , offer to RV.
- "to grant a boon" ŚBr. KātyŚr. MBh.
And/Or
दिन्न dinna prob. = diṇṇa ( q.v.)
दिण्ण diṇṇa a Prākṛit form for datta.
दत्त datta (√ de )
- protected
- honoured
Yittha
Pali:

Yiṭṭha , [pp . of yajati; Vedic iṣṭa] - having sacrificed. Sanskrit:
इष्ट iṣṭa (iṣṭá) - reverenced, respected, regarded as good (Mn.) - cherished (RV. ŚBr. KātyŚr. Mn.)
Huta ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Huta , [pp . of juhati] - sacrificed , worshipped , offered. Sanskrit:
हुत huta [pp. hu] - sacrificed. - to who is given an oblation. √ हु hu - worship or honour (acc.) with (RV.) - to be honoured (with sacrifice) (GṛŚrS.)

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