

The 4 C's of Choosing an Engagement Ring



How to pick the perfect gemstones engagement ring based on the 4 C's. Wholesale cabochons are also an investment in rings, but you should still make sure that you get the most out of your purchase by focusing on the 4 C's of buying a gem— clarity, cut, color, and carat weight — when choosing your engagement ring. Only by picking a gem with high grades in all of these categories will you ensure that your ring will shine for years to come and hold its value over time.

Clarity

The first is clarity, and your future fiancé will probably be looking for a stone with exceptional fire and sparkle. The stone's cut should allow plenty of light in, which will amplify its beauty. If you want her jaw to drop when she first sees it, look for a stone with a high degree of polish. When buying an engagement ring, make sure that there are no imperfections in either the shape or cut of your stone. Clarity can be measured by two things: depth percentage and blemishes. Depth percentage refers to how much of a gemstone is occupied by flaws; lower percentages are better. In general, if a stone has fewer than 15% natural flaws visible with less

than 10x magnification, it's considered to have very good clarity. Gemstones come in many different cuts and shapes. Some may be more appropriate for certain settings than others.

Cut

There are four main categories of cuts: brilliant, princess, cushion, Asscher, and oval. The most common of these is brilliant (or round), which you'll see in most engagement rings. Princess and cushion are diamond shapes with pointed corners, while oval cuts have rounded corners. A gemstone's cut will determine how light reflects off its surface, affecting its brilliance and sparkle. The cut is arguably more important than carat weight when it comes to sparkle—especially since many retailers pad their weights by including tiny stones that aren't included in calculating a stone's total carat weight. Laser-cut, having a smooth polished surface. Brilliance refers to a diamond's ability to reflect light through its top facet, called a table. Most diamonds are cut so that they appear brighter from above than below.

Color

Gemstones are available in a wide range of colors, including purple, red, blue, and green. When choosing a gemstone, color is one of your primary considerations. For example, yellow diamonds are most popular among women who prefer warm tones; white diamonds work well for those who like cool colors. The size of your ring will also determine which colors you can choose from; for instance, rings with two stones can accommodate colorful gems that wouldn't fit otherwise. If you have any questions about whether or not a certain stone would look good with your engagement ring, ask an expert at your local jeweler. A little guidance goes a long way toward making sure you pick something your fiancé will love.

In addition to color, three other factors go into selecting an engagement ring: cut, clarity, and carat weight. These four factors make up what jewelers call the four Cs of selecting a diamond —each is as important as another when it comes to ensuring you get a quality stone.

Carat

The size of a diamond can make a huge price, but does it have an impact on its appearance? Carat is determined by weight. One carat equals 200 milligrams. A .5-carat diamond would be

half that at 100 milligrams. Bigger isn't always better—especially if you want your ring to fit comfortably on your finger and not look gaudy. For women with small hands or who prefer delicate rings, a smaller stone may be more appropriate. If you fall into that category, consider choosing a larger center stone (or two) surrounded by a smaller stone to create contrast. If you go big, go bold—after all, it will likely be one of your most prized possessions! However, there are plenty of other factors that play into what makes a perfect engagement ring.

Where you can find 4 C's Engagement Ring

The most common method of grading diamonds is by using a system known as the 4Cs. These characteristics are still used today for how a diamond is valued: Carat (the weight of the diamond), Color, Clarity, and Cut. Each category has its range of grades, with D being low quality and AAA being high quality. As an example, the clarity of stones ranges from flawless to heavy include. With each grade representing a noticeable difference in appearance and value. When purchasing a diamond engagement ring it's important to be familiar with what qualities you should be looking for based on your budget. Your jeweler will have access to detailed information about every stone they sell, which makes it easy to compare prices between stores while ensuring you're getting exactly what you want.

If you don't know where to start when picking out your stone for a ring there are plenty of resources available online or at local jewelry stores. At GemsBiz you can find colored and natural wholesale gemstones at a reasonable price. Knowing how to pick out an engagement ring means knowing what to look for when examining each diamond individually so that no matter where you buy your ring, you'll always know if it was worth what you paid. A cut grade tells you how well a diamond has been cut, based on several factors including proportion, symmetry, and polish. You can think of cut as referring to both craftsmanship and shape; certain proportions that make certain shapes appear more attractive than others. There are three main categories for cuts: brilliant, step-cut, and mixed cuts.

Conclusion

The four C's (cut, clarity, color, and carat) are benchmarks for understanding diamonds. If you can put these ideas into play in your search for an engagement ring, you will be able to find a ring that your fiancé will love for life. This will also help avoid buyer's remorse. As we said before, don't go too big or too small—if she says yes, it is supposed to fit! And remember: good quality trumps all else. So if it means spending less on everything else and putting more toward her engagement ring, does it! It is after all a symbol of how much you care about her...so spend accordingly!